

Kyocera Cloud Information Manager Security White Paper



About this document

This document describes Kyocera Cloud Information Manager (KCIM) version 1.0.

Revision history

Release Date	Revision	Chapter	Details
Nov/10/2021	1.0	-	First Release

Contents

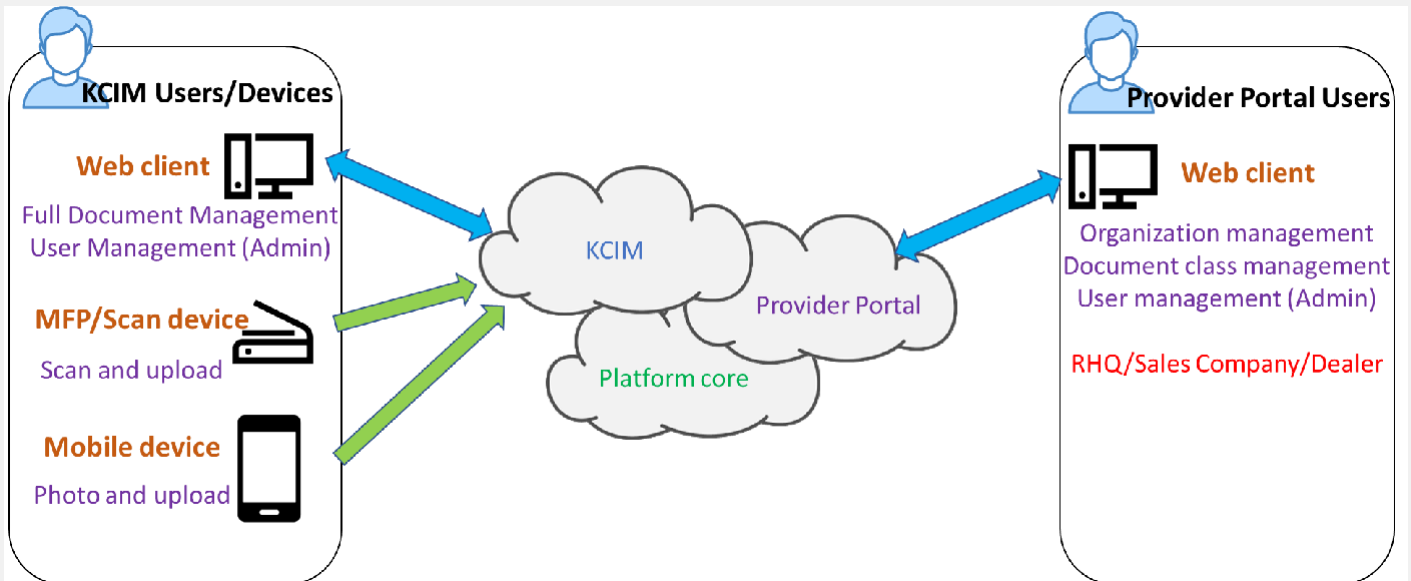
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1. Overview

Kyocera Cloud Information Manager (KCIM) is a cloud-based document management system that allows users easy to manage documents, scan, upload, index and store the documents.

This white paper informs dealers about security measures in KCIM. Kyocera's priority is to provide secure protection of information assets that are handled by KCIM. These information assets are rigorously protected by the secure configuration and security features of KCIM.

KCIM consists of the following components:



Provider portal: The provider portal is an application that supports KCIM organization management, user management and document class management. The provider (RHQ, SC, Dealer) can access the **provider portal** using a web browser. They can add, edit, or delete organizations for child providers or for their customers.

KCIM: The customer admin or customer user can access the **KCIM** using a web browser. The customer admin can add user accounts for their own organization and configure settings related to document class access rights.

Customer users can manage the documents as scan, upload, index, search, edit, etc.

Platform core: Platform core is a core component of the platform. KCIM is built on top of it. The platform securely stores all the document information of KCIM.

MFP client: The MFP client connects to the KCIM server. The users can upload the scanned document to KCIM server.

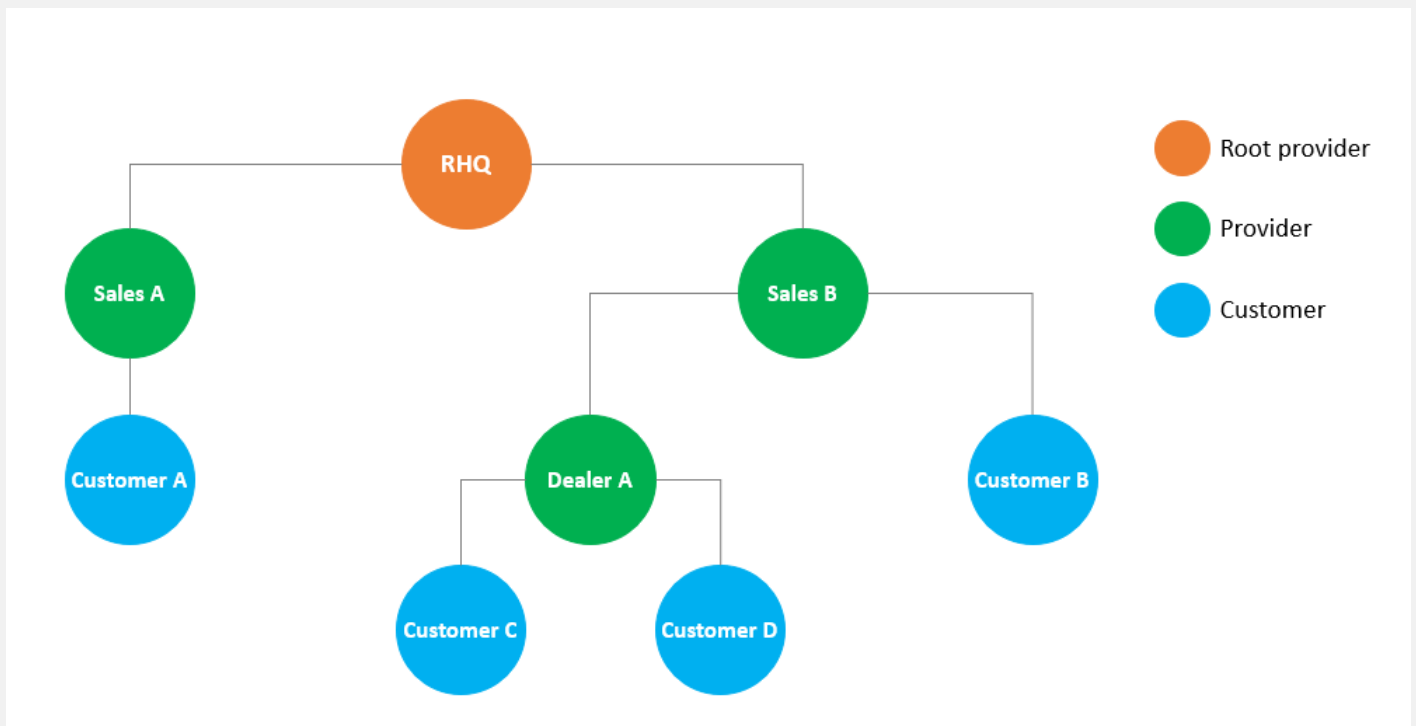
Mobile application: The mobile application connects to the KCIM server. The customer users can upload a photo to KCIM server.

2. Multitenancy

KCIM uses multi-tenancy to accommodate multiple sales companies, dealers, and customer organizations. Each sales company, dealer, and customer are treated as one organization. Access control is enforced through a hierarchical tree structure. (Fig. 2-1)

Organizations are classified into two types: a provider organization and a customer organization. A provider organization is focused on managing one or more customer organizations. Provider organizations have organization/user management and license management features while customer organizations would provide the document management feature.

The hierarchical structure is patterned after the common sales hierarchical structure used in KYOCERA. An RHQ (regional headquarters) is the parent organization (root provider organization) with sales companies under the RHQ as children provider organizations. Customers of sales companies would be the customer organizations and leaf nodes in the hierarchical tree structure.



(Fig. 2-1) Hierarchical structure of KCIM Organizations

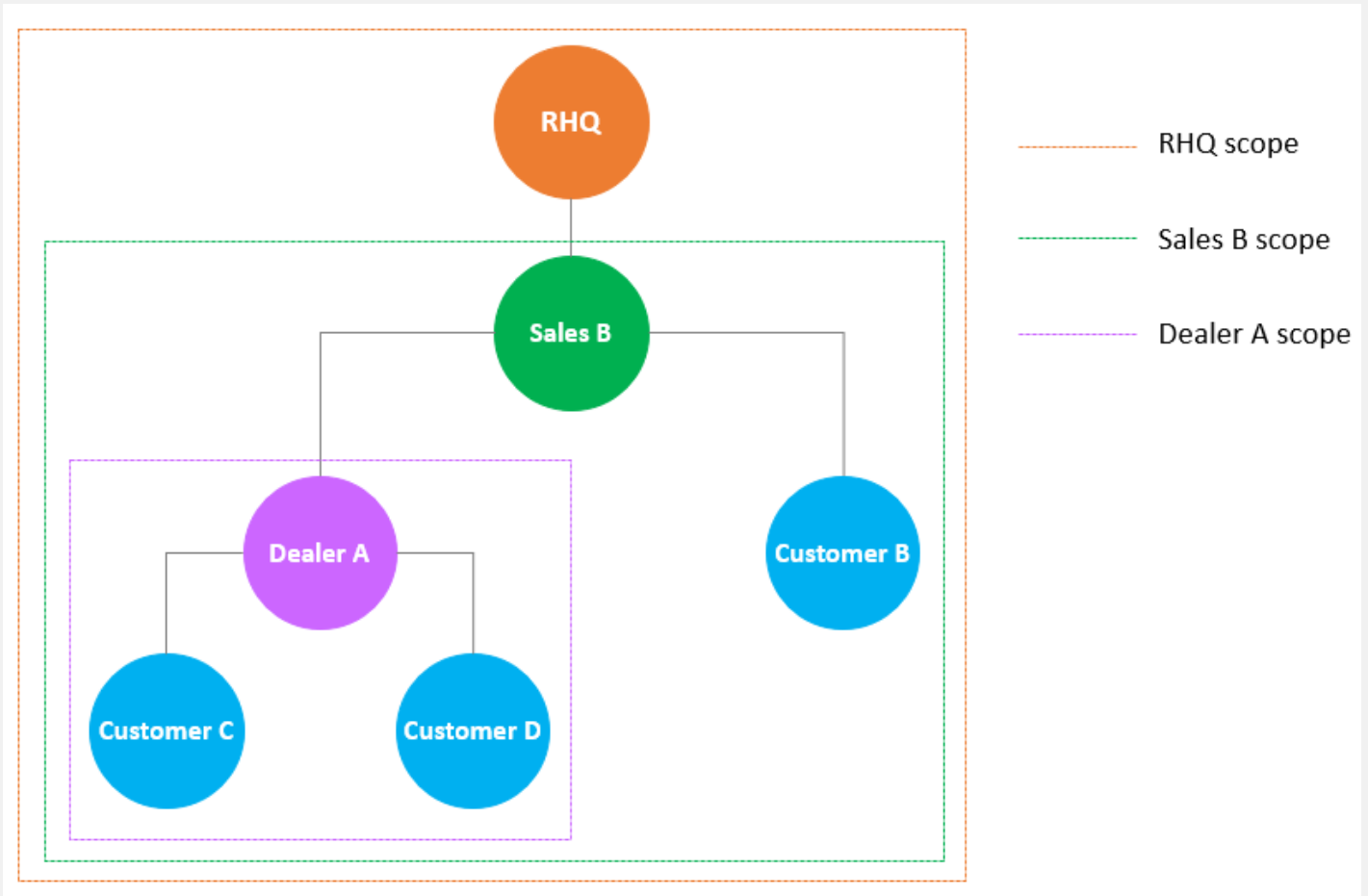
Any organization cannot view the data of another organization except for the parent organization. The parent provider only can get usage counter information and the contact information of the organization representative from the customer. The usage count is the data related to the license information such as OCR page, document count, document size usage and the contract information. Data is scoped and access to data is limited. (Table 2-1)

User type	Users of customer organization	Documents of customer organization	Document class information	Contract information (OCR count, document count and size)
Provider Admin/Support	Inaccessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Accessible
Customer Admin	Accessible	Accessible	Accessible Access right management	Accessible
Customer user	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible Can view contract information only

(Table 2-1) Access to organization and user data by user type

Scopes are present between parent and child organizations. At the organization level, parent/child organization can share the document class definition data (document classes and attributes of the document classes).

Also, the parent organization can manage the license-related information of the customer child organization (e.g. how many OCR pages, document size allowed). (Fig 2-3)



(Fig. 2-3) Access to license-related information for each organization

The direct visibility of this data is only between parent and child organization. But RHQ can retrieve the entire child organization's usage data. KCIM's provider portal can generate OCR usage report of the entire organization hierarchy but the detail organization information will be anonymized.

3. Communication security between modules

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is a standard security technology for establishing an encrypted link between a server and a client. In KCIM, TLS is used to secure and protect sensitive information that is shared between KCIM and a browser, device, mobile or database. This information includes:

- KCIM user credentials and passwords
- User data
- Document information (document, OCR data, index data, metadata, comments, etc.)
- Document count metrics (OCR page counts, document size, document count, etc.)

4. User Identification and Authentication

When accessing KCIM, the user must log in with an activated account. An unauthorized user cannot access KCIM. The following features are supported as security features for login.

KCIM uses OAuth 2.0 authentication method by keycloak. Keycloak is a user authentication management software sponsored by RedHat. (See the details of Keycloak security features in [5. Keycloak security features.](#))

4.1. Account Lockout Policy

The Account Lockout Policy protects KCIM from password cracking attacks. When a user fails to login a pre-determined number of times, the user account will be locked for a certain period.

As shown in the table below, when reaching the account lockout threshold for failed login attempts of three times, the account will be locked. The setting will unlock the account after 30 minutes. The locked account also can be unlock by the admin manually.

Number of continuous failed login attempts	3 attempts in 15 minutes
Auto Unlock Time	30 minutes

4.2. Password Policy

A user needs to employ a strong password that is difficult to be analyzed and must be applicable to the KCIM Password Policy.

A password that does not meet the password policy is prohibited. This policy prevents users from setting simple passwords and guards against unauthorized access by a third party.

All authentication is securely processed based on OAuth 2.0 using keycloak.

The password length and complexity of password are defined in the table below.

Password Length	Between 8 to 64 characters
Password Complexity	Include at least one character from each category: Upper case (A ~ Z) Lower case (a ~ z) Numbers (0 ~ 9) Symbols (!"#\$%&'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[]^_`{ }~)

5. Keycloak security features

KCIM uses keycloak as an identity/authentication management service. Keycloak is an open-source authentication management system yet, supports various security features.

5.1. Keycloak features

Keycloak provides the following features:

- OAuth 2.0 support.
- Admin Console for central management of users, roles, role mappings, clients and configuration.
- Account Management console that allows users to centrally manage their account.
- Theme support - Customize all user facing pages to integrate with your applications and branding.
- Login flows - optional user self-registration, recover password, verify email, require password update, etc.
- Session management - Admins and users themselves can view and manage user sessions.
- Token mappers - Map user attributes, roles, etc. how you want into tokens and statements.
- Not-before revocation policies per realm, application and user.
- CORS support - Client adapters have built-in support for CORS.
- Client adapters for JavaScript applications, WildFly, JBoss EAP, Fuse, Tomcat, Jetty, Spring, etc.

5.2. Threat model Mitigation

Keycloak mitigates the below possible security vulnerabilities as an authentication server. At this moment, KCIM has brute force attacks protection is configured and plan to adopt more security features from keycloak.

- IP restriction
- Port restriction
- Password guess: brute force attacks
- Read-only User Attributes
- Clickjacking
- SSL/HTTPS Requirement
- Cross-site request forgery(CSRF) Attacks
- Unspecific Redirect URIs
- FAPI compliance
- Compromised Access and Refresh Tokens
- Compromised Authorization Code
- Open redirectors
- Password database compromised

- Limiting Scope
- Limit Token Audience
- Limit Authentication Sessions

6. Data Protection

6.1. Protection of Stored Data

KCIM's information assets must be protected and not leaked or lost. Kyocera Document Solutions implements security protection measures for stored information assets and a data recovery support through the features described below.

6.1.1. Access Control

Only individuals with proper access control will have access to all KCIM document information (document/content/metadata). Users will be required to have proper defined document access roles to access the specific document classes. Document access role is given per document class and controlled by the organization administrators in KCIM.

6.1.2. Authentication

KCIM database requires user authentication to gain access to database data. Authentication credentials are configured during initial release of the instance.

6.1.3. Encryption

KCIM database uses AES256 algorithm for encryption.

6.1.4. Data Backup

Daily backup for KCIM database runs automatically. It is stored on Google Cloud Storage and encrypted by AES256.

6.2. Protection of Communication Data

KCIM protects communication data regarding user access to use KCIM, and data communication to transfer data between KCIM and devices, respectively.

In order to protect KCIM communication data from masquerading, tapping or modifying the data, the communication data is encrypted, and KCIM components are mutually authenticated.

6.2.1. User Access

When a user accesses KCIM from a web application using a browser, an authenticated communication channel is established. KCIM user can access KCIM web portal from the Web browser's client UI regardless of the user role. When a user accesses KCIM web portal, the user is

always identified and authenticated. If this identification and authentication are successful, access token will be issued and the user can access KCIM web portal based on user's role. KCIM web portal protects the communication data through HTTPS.

6.2.2. Access token and refresh token

Once the authentication is successful, an access token and refresh token will be issued and user session will be maintained. User session will be used to access for all document operations. Access token will be used to access user management and contract management operations. The access token's life span is 5 minutes and can be refreshed using refresh token whenever any access of BE API after access token expired. UI will be logged out in case of 15 minutes inactivity.

6.2.3. HTTPS protocol

HTTPS works over underlying secure protocols (TLS 1.2) that encrypt all traffic between browsers and servers. SSL and TLS require a certificate with a private key, a public key, domain information, and a chain of signatures by certificate authorities.

6.3. Secure communication between the KCIM server and databases

KCIM will establish network connection to database using TLS and AES 128 encrypted network traffic.

6.4. Security vulnerability testing

In order to keep the KCIM application up-to-date with the latest security measures the following schedule will be followed for security vulnerability assessment:

- Monthly assessments will be conducted by the in-house security team
- A yearly assessment will be conducted by an external/3rd party vendor specializing in security vulnerability testing for web applications

7. Device (MFP/Mobile) Authentication

To protect sensitive information transmitted between KCIM and devices, security is enforced through HTTPS. The used version of TLS is 1.2.

User must authenticate through KCIM authentication from the device application to establish the network connection between KCIM and the device.

The client authentication will be authenticate using user id, password, client-id and client-secret.

Mobile and MFP have different client-id and client-secret.

8. Google Cloud Platform Security Technical Details

KCIM is hosted on the Google Cloud Platform. GCP meets the broad set of internationally recognized information security controls and industry-specific compliance standards, such as ISO 27001, HIPAA, FedRAMP, SOC 1/2/3, GDPR, CCPA (see the detailed list of compliant standards in GCP Cloud Compliance, <https://cloud.google.com/security/compliance>).

The hosting environment is designed to utilize the GCP provided services and security features to help secure and monitor our application. The various features that are utilized include:

- Various GCP credential for login/access
- Security logs
- Instance isolation
- Firewalls/API access
- Secure HTTPS access points
- Network security (VPC isolation, Network Security groups, Network Access Control List, Internet Gateway, etc.),
- Storage
- Simple Notification Service monitoring CloudWatch application logs

KCIM is deployed to the following GCP data centers:

- Tokyo, Japan (asia-northeast1)
- Saint-Ghislain, Belgium (europe-west1)
- Council Bluffs, Iowa, US (us-central1)

KCIM uses managed storage and PostgreSQL Database hosted on GCP.

9. Contact information

If you have any questions or comments, please contact us using the following information below.

Mail address for general inquiries:

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